
Representative Zachary Martin Nunn

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Iowa, District 3.

Official: <https://nunn.house.gov/>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zach_Nunn

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Zach_Nunn

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 5172 introduced 2023-08-08

To amend the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act to reduce the eligibility requirement for direct farm real estate loans, and for other purposes.

118 HR 5119 introduced 2023-08-01

To amend title 31, United States Code, to provide small businesses with additional time to file beneficial ownership information, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4935 introduced 2023-07-26

To amend the Commodity Exchange Act to adjust the period during which amounts transferred by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to the account for customer education initiatives and non-awards expenses shall remain available, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4835 introduced 2023-07-24

To extend and increase funding for the Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program of the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4656 introduced 2023-07-14

To amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to prohibit robovoting with respect to votes related to proxy or consent solicitation materials, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 4387 introduced 2023-06-27

To amend the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a program providing for the establishment of Agriculture Cybersecurity Centers, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 528 introduced 2023-06-20

Expressing support for the designation of June as "National Annuity Awareness Month".

118 HR 4227 introduced 2023-06-20

To amend the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 to establish the ReConnect program under that Act, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3722 introduced 2023-05-25

To require a pilot program on activities under the pre-separation transition process of members of the Armed Forces for a reduction in suicide among veterans, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 447 introduced 2023-05-25

Expressing support for the designation of May 2023 as "Renewable Fuels Month" to recognize the important role that renewable fuels play in reducing carbon impacts, lowering fuel prices for consumers, supporting rural communities, and lessening reliance on foreign adversaries.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 3526 introduced 2023-05-18

To require the Secretary of the Treasury to issue reports with respect to extraordinary measures, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3157 introduced 2023-05-09

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue obligations to make Medicare and Social Security payments, veterans disability benefits, and military benefits, despite the debt limit being reached.

118 HR 2969 introduced 2023-04-27

To establish an Independent Financial Technology Working Group to Combat Terrorism and Illicit Financing, and for other purposes.

118 HR 2510 introduced 2023-04-06

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make the credit for the adoption of special needs children refundable.

118 HR 1601 introduced 2023-03-14

To amend title 18, United States Code, to increase the length of the post-employment ban on lobbying of Members, officers, or employees of Congress by former Members of Congress.

118 HR 1417 introduced 2023-03-07

To repeal the provision of law that provides automatic pay adjustments for Members of Congress.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 1138 introduced 2023-02-21

To amend title 5, United States Code, to prohibit transactions involving certain financial instruments by Members of Congress and their spouses, and for other purposes.

118 HR 1137 introduced 2023-02-21

To provide for working with allies to seek increased compliance by China with certain OECD export credit standards.

118 HJRES 12 introduced 2023-01-09

Proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

FAQs

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Things to know:

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the [U.S. GPO website](#).