
Representative Katherine Cammack

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Florida, District 3.

Official: <https://cammack.house.gov>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kat_Cammack

Ballotpedia: <https://ballotpedia.org/>

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 4511 introduced 2023-07-10

To amend the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act to establish the Office of Public Safety Communications, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4059 introduced 2023-06-13

To include phosphate and potash on the final list of critical minerals of the Department of the Interior.

118 HR 4013 introduced 2023-06-12

To establish a regulatory system for sustainable offshore aquaculture in the United States exclusive economic zone, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3299 introduced 2023-05-15

To require the Department of Interior and the Department of Agriculture to establish online portals to accept, process, and dispose of certain Form 299s, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3216 introduced 2023-05-11

To amend the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 to reauthorize and improve the ReConnect loan and grant program, and for other purposes.

118 HR 2706 introduced 2023-04-19

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 1116 introduced 2023-02-21

To prohibit individuals charged with human trafficking or drug trafficking offenses committed near the border of the United States from receiving Federal benefits.

118 HR 750 introduced 2023-02-02

To require any person that sells or distributes a mobile application that the Federal Government has prohibited for Government-owned devices to disclose that fact to any individual who downloads, updates, or otherwise uses such application, and for other purposes.

118 HCONRES 12 introduced 2023-02-01

Expressing the sense of Congress that all direct and indirect subsidies that benefit the production or export of sugar by all major sugar-producing and -consuming countries should be eliminated.

118 HR 277 introduced 2023-01-11

To amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law.

117 HR 8952 introduced 2022-09-22

To give the Secretary of Homeland Security the authority to contain migration surges, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2022

117 HR 7115 introduced 2022-03-17

To amend the Natural Gas Act to expedite approval of exports of small volumes of natural gas, and for other purposes.

117 HR 6480 introduced 2022-01-25

To amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to expand to State, local, Tribal, territorial, and educational institution law enforcement the availability of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers` human trafficking awareness training to equip frontline first responders with the knowledge to recognize and properly respond to potential human trafficking situations, and for other purposes.

117 HR 6413 introduced 2022-01-18

Keep Kids in Schools Act

117 HR 6212 introduced 2021-12-09

To analyze the impacts of establishing U.S. Customs and Border Protection Preclearance facilities in Taiwan and in other Indo-Pacific countries.

117 HR 5683 introduced 2021-10-22

Department of Homeland Security Border Support Services Contracts Review Act

117 HCONRES 43 introduced 2021-07-29

Expressing the sense of Congress that all direct and indirect subsidies that benefit the production or export of sugar by all major sugar-producing and -consuming countries should be eliminated.

Sponsored 2021

117 HR 3377 introduced 2021-05-20

Gigabit Opportunity Act

117 HR 3018 introduced 2021-05-07

Chinese Communist Party (CCP) Politburo Accountability Act

117 HRES 274 introduced 2021-03-26

Providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 619) to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.

117 HR 1960 introduced 2021-03-17

To name the Department of Veterans Affairs community-based outpatient clinic, located at 400 College Drive, Middleburg, Florida, the "A.K. Baker VA Clinic".

117 HR 1776 introduced 2021-03-10

Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2021

FAQs

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.