
Representative Harold Rogers

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Kentucky, District 5.

Official: <https://halrogers.house.gov>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hal_Rogers

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Harold_Rogers

Additional:

Voted to reject the Election Results of 2019.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HRES 501 introduced 2023-06-13

Honoring the men and women of the Drug Enforcement Administration on the 50th anniversary of the agency.

118 HR 4079 introduced 2023-06-13

To amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize a loan repayment program for the substance use disorder treatment workforce.

118 HR 3355 introduced 2023-05-16

To amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize a loan repayment program for the substance use disorder treatment workforce, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 4 introduced 2023-01-06

Authorizing the Clerk to inform the President of the election of the Speaker and the Clerk.

117 HR 6791 introduced 2022-02-18

To amend title IV of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 to provide for the timely payment of black lung benefits pending liability determinations, and for other purposes.

116 HR 5305 introduced 2019-12-05

Kentucky Wildlands National Heritage Area Study Act

Sponsored 2019

116 HR 240 introduced 2019-01-04

Mill Springs Battlefield National Monument Act

115 HR 6385 introduced 2018-07-16

Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs
Appropriations Act, 2019

115 HR 5979 introduced 2018-05-25

Mill Springs Battlefield National Monument Act

115 HR 5570 introduced 2018-04-18

To amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize certain grantees to contract with or make subawards to local or regional organizations that are private and nonprofit, and that may be faith-based, and for other purposes.

115 HR 3802 introduced 2017-09-18

Appalachian Regional Commission Reform Act

115 HR 3362 introduced 2017-07-24

Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs
Appropriations Act, 2018

115 HR 1731 introduced 2017-03-27

Revitalizing the Economy of Coal Communities by Leveraging
Local Activities and Investing More Act of 2017

FAQs

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

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