
Representative Michael Vincent Lawler

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of New York, District 17.

Official: <https://lawler.house.gov/>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mike_Lawler

Ballotpedia: <https://ballotpedia.org/>

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 5114 introduced 2023-08-01

To amend title 38, United States Code, to expand eligibility for entitlement to a headstone or grave marker under the laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to certain members of a Reserve of an Armed Force, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4875 introduced 2023-07-25

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to increase the number of physicians who may be provided Conrad 30 waivers.

118 HR 4795 introduced 2023-07-20

To amend title 18, United States Code, with respect to attempted murder and the trafficking of fentanyl.

118 HRES 596 introduced 2023-07-17

Calling for the restoration of power-sharing in Northern Ireland.

118 HRES 586 introduced 2023-07-13

Calling for the restoration of power-sharing in Northern Ireland.

118 HR 4493 introduced 2023-07-06

To amend the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to prohibit the use of ranked choice voting in a District of Columbia election, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 4339 introduced 2023-06-23

To amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to ensure enhanced Federal funding made available to States under the Medicaid program is equitably distributed to political subdivisions.

118 HRES 471 introduced 2023-06-06

Calling for the redoubling of diplomatic efforts by the United States and its international partners to help achieve a negotiated, Haitian-led solution to the current impasse in Haiti that paves the way for broadly representative interim government to oversee the return to constitutional rule through free and fair elections.

118 HR 3773 introduced 2023-05-31

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to prohibit institutions of higher education that authorize Anti-Semitic events on campus from participating in the student loan and grant programs under title IV of such Act.

118 HR 3774 introduced 2023-05-31

To impose additional sanctions with respect to the importation or facilitation of the importation of petroleum products from Iran, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3705 introduced 2023-05-25

To require the Secretary of Transportation to issue regulations requiring a rail carrier to report certain damage if such carrier has a reasonable suspicion that an action carried out by the carrier caused such damage.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 3704 introduced 2023-05-25

To amend the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to prohibit States from using ranked choice voting to carry out an election for Federal office, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3513 introduced 2023-05-18

To extend the availability of funds for Emergency Assistance to Non-Public Schools under the Education Stabilization Fund and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

118 HR 3428 introduced 2023-05-17

To amend title 38, United States Code, to recognize and honor the service of individuals who served in the United States Cadet Nurse Corps during World War II, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3099 introduced 2023-05-05

To establish in the Department of State the position of Special Envoy for the Abraham Accords, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3016 introduced 2023-04-28

To amend the Anti-Boycott Act of 2018 to apply the provisions of that Act to international governmental organizations.

118 HR 2960 introduced 2023-04-27

To cancel certain proposed changes to credit fees charged by the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 2382 introduced 2023-03-29

To amend title 5, United States Code, to designate September 11 Day of Remembrance as a legal public holiday.

118 HR 1553 introduced 2023-03-10

To require the Securities and Exchange Commission to revise rules relating to general solicitation or general advertising to allow for presentations or other communication made by or on behalf of an issuer at certain events, and for other purposes.

118 HR 339 introduced 2023-01-12

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to eliminate the marriage penalty in the limitation on the amount individuals can deduct for certain State and local taxes.

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FAQs

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Things to know:

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.