
Representative Derrick Francis Van Orden

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Wisconsin, District 3.

Official: <https://vanorden.house.gov/>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Derrick_Van_Orden

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Derrick_Van_Orden

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 4959 introduced 2023-07-27

To require to Comptroller General to submit to Congress a report on the status of dams in the USDA watershed program.

118 HR 4894 introduced 2023-07-25

To amend the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 to reauthorize the dairy business innovation initiatives.

118 HR 4597 introduced 2023-07-13

To amend the REAL ID Act of 2005 to include an indication of United States citizenship in the minimum requirements for driver`s licenses and identification cards under such Act, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 535 introduced 2023-06-21

Expressing support for the designation of November 12, 2023, as "National Warrior Call Day" and recognizing the importance of connecting warriors in the United States to support structures necessary to transition from the battlefield.

118 HR 4085 introduced 2023-06-13

To require certain State departments of transportation to notify first responders of AskRail application, and for other purposes.

118 HR 3933 introduced 2023-06-07

To amend title 10, United States Code, to authorize representatives of veterans service organizations to promote certain benefits available to veterans in the course of preseparation counseling under the Transition Assistance program of the Department of Defense, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 1798 introduced 2023-03-24

To amend title 38, United States Code, to render an individual, who transfers certain educational assistance, to which the individual is entitled because of an agreement by such individual to serve in the Armed Forces, to a dependent of that individual, and who fails to complete such agreement, solely liable for the overpayment of such educational assistance, and for other purposes.

118 HR 1799 introduced 2023-03-24

To amend title 38, United States Code, to expand eligibility for a certain program of job counseling, training, and placement service for veterans.

118 HJRES 21 introduced 2023-01-12

Proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

118 HJRES 20 introduced 2023-01-12

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to limit the number of consecutive terms that a Member of Congress may serve.

118 HR 351 introduced 2023-01-12

To amend section 207 of title 18, United States Code, to ban former Senators and Members of the House of Representatives from lobbying Congress and the executive branch, and for other purposes.

FAQs

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.