
Representative Sydney Kai Kamlager

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Democratic Party.

Representing the State of California, District 37.

Official: <https://kamlager-dove.house.gov/>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sydney_Kamlager

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Sydney_Kamlager-Dove

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HRES 618 introduced 2023-07-26

Recognizing August 11, 2023, as the 50th anniversary of hip-hop.

118 HR 4916 introduced 2023-07-26

To amend the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 to repeal restrictions on onshore wind and solar.

118 HR 4792 introduced 2023-07-20

To amend title 18, United States Code, to account for the age of certain juvenile offenders and to amend title IV of the Social Security Act to allow the Secretary of Health and Human Services to award competitive grants to enhance collaboration between State child welfare and juvenile justice systems, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 578 introduced 2023-07-11

Calling for the immediate release of Eyvin Hernandez, a United States citizen and Los Angeles County public defender, who was wrongfully detained by the Venezuelan regime in March 2022.

118 HR 3701 introduced 2023-05-25

To amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to strengthen coverage under the Medicaid program for certain foster youth individuals.

Sponsored 2023

118 HRES 366 introduced 2023-05-05

Commemorating the 31st anniversary of the 1992 Los Angeles riots.

118 HRES 349 introduced 2023-05-02

Recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges of children in the foster care system and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in, or at risk of entering, the foster care system.

118 HR 2954 introduced 2023-04-27

To provide for improvements in the treatment of women in the criminal justice system.

118 HR 2762 introduced 2023-04-20

To remove administrative barriers to participation of Indian tribes in Federal child welfare programs, and increase Federal funding for tribal child welfare programs, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 292 introduced 2023-04-13

Condemning the expulsion of two Black, duly elected Tennessee Representatives as a blatant act of racism and an attack on the democracy of the United States and observing that the Tennessee House of Representatives preferred to take this action of expulsion rather than to act on gun control measures to protect children.

Sponsored 2023

118 HRES 261 introduced 2023-03-28

Reaffirming the importance of diplomacy and development in United States-African Union relations, promoting strategic partnerships and shared objectives between the United States and the African Union, and expressing strong support for the successful implementation of the African Continental Free Trade Area.

118 HR 981 introduced 2023-02-10

To authorize implementation grants to community-based nonprofits to operate one-stop reentry centers.

118 HR 982 introduced 2023-02-10

To address the health needs of incarcerated women related to pregnancy and childbirth, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 37 introduced 2023-01-13

Honoring Zeta Phi Beta Sorority, Inc., on reaching the historic milestone of 103 years of scholarship, service, sisterhood, and finer womanhood.

FAQs

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Things to know:

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.