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# Representative James Comer

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Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Kentucky, District 1.

Official: <https://comer.house.gov>

Wikipedia: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James\\_Comer\\_\(politician\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/James_Comer_(politician))

Ballotpedia: [https://ballotpedia.org/James\\_Comer\\_Jr.](https://ballotpedia.org/James_Comer_Jr.)

Additional:

Nothing found.

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# Legislation Sponsored

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118 HR 4984 introduced 2023-07-27

To amend the District of Columbia Stadium Act of 1957 to provide for the transfer of administrative jurisdiction over the Robert F. Kennedy Memorial Stadium Campus to the Administrator of General Services and the leasing of the Campus to the District of Columbia for purposes which include commercial and residential development, and for other purposes.

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118 HR 2826 introduced 2023-04-25

To clarify the treatment of 2 or more employers as joint employers under the National Labor Relations Act and the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

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118 HR 1209 introduced 2023-02-27

To preserve open competition and Federal Government neutrality towards the labor relations of Federal Government contractors on Federal and federally funded construction projects, and for other purposes.

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118 HRES 155 introduced 2023-02-24

Providing amounts for the expenses of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability in the One Hundred Eighteenth Congress.

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118 HR 890 introduced 2023-02-09

To increase access to agency guidance documents.

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# Sponsored 2023

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118 HJRES 24 introduced 2023-01-31

Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Local Resident Voting Rights Amendment Act of 2022.

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118 HJRES 17 introduced 2023-01-12

Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Local Resident Voting Rights Amendment Act of 2022.

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118 HR 140 introduced 2023-01-09

Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act

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118 HR 139 introduced 2023-01-09

To require Executive agencies to submit to Congress a study of the impacts of expanded telework and remote work by agency employees during the COVID-19 pandemic and a plan for the agency's future use of telework and remote work, and for other purposes.

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117 HR 8843 introduced 2022-09-15

To require the Corps of Engineers to take certain actions with respect to rental amounts and administrative fees charged to certain marinas, and for other purposes.

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117 HR 8752 introduced 2022-08-30

To amend title 5, United States Code, to prohibit Federal employees from advocating for censorship of viewpoints in their official capacity, and for other purposes.

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# Sponsored 2022

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117 HRES 1243 introduced 2022-07-21

Of inquiry requesting the President transmit certain documents in his possession to the House of Representatives relating to the Biden family`s international business schemes and related information.

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117 HR 7399 introduced 2022-04-05

To amend the Land Between the Lakes Protection Act of 1998 to clarify the administration of the Land Between the Lakes National Recreation Area, and for other purposes.

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117 HR 6016 introduced 2021-11-18

To prohibit executive agencies from requiring employees to receive a vaccination against infection by the SARS-CoV-2 virus under Federal contracts, and for other purposes.

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117 HR 3185 introduced 2021-05-13

Save Local Business Act

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117 HR 1605 introduced 2021-03-08

Guidance Out Of Darkness Act

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117 HR 26 introduced 2021-01-04

Construction Consensus Procurement Improvement Act of 2021

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116 HR 8955 introduced 2020-12-14

To prohibit the use of reverse auctions for design and construction services procurements, and for other purposes.

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# Sponsored 2020

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116 HR 8832 introduced 2020-12-02

To lessen the burdens on interstate commerce by discouraging insubstantial lawsuits relating to COVID-19 while preserving the ability of individuals and businesses that have suffered real injury to obtain complete relief.

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116 HR 7922 introduced 2020-08-04

To minimize increases in the cost of complying with Federal rules during the coronavirus pandemic, and for other purposes.

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116 HR 7923 introduced 2020-08-04

To authorize the President to suspend or waive civil enforcement of any rule for certain purposes during the coronavirus pandemic, and for other purposes.

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116 HR 3765 introduced 2019-07-16

Citizens Count Census Act of 2019

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116 HR 2052 introduced 2019-04-03

To amend the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 with respect to a portion of the Wendell H. Ford (Western Kentucky) Parkway, and for other purposes.

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116 HR 128 introduced 2019-01-03

Small Business Advocacy Improvements Act of 2019

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# Sponsored 2018

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115 HR 6838 introduced 2018-09-17

To designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 128 East Carlisle Street in Marion, Kentucky, as the "Ollie M. James Post Office Building".

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115 HR 6316 introduced 2018-07-06

Small Business Advocacy Improvements Act of 2018

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115 HR 5485 introduced 2018-04-12

Hemp Farming Act of 2018

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115 HR 4182 introduced 2017-10-31

EQUALS Act of 2017

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115 HR 3530 introduced 2017-07-28

Industrial Hemp Farming Act of 2017

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# FAQs

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Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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# FAQs

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# Glossary

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## **House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)**

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

## **House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)**

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

## **House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)**

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

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# Glossary

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## **House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)**

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the [U.S. GPO website](#).