
Representative Steve Womack

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Arkansas, District 3.

Official: <https://womack.house.gov>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Steve_Womack

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Steve_Womack

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 4664 introduced 2023-07-17

Making appopriations for financial services and general government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

118 HJRES 73 introduced 2023-06-14

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States.

118 HR 1732 introduced 2023-03-22

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude from gross income the basic needs allowance of members of the Armed Forces.

118 HR 1612 introduced 2023-03-14

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to revise the definition of the term "tipped employee", and for other purposes.

118 HCONRES 13 introduced 2023-02-06

Supporting the Local Radio Freedom Act.

118 HR 693 introduced 2023-01-31

To limit the detailing of directors of medical centers of the Department of Veterans Affairs to different positions within the Department, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2022

117 HR 9523 introduced 2022-12-13

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to revise the definition of the term "tipped employee", and for other purposes.

117 HR 9275 introduced 2022-11-03

BNA Fairness Act

117 HR 7637 introduced 2022-04-28

To prohibit the use by the Department of Veterans Affairs of funds to provide emergency assistance at the southern border of the United States resulting from the repeal of certain public health orders, and for other purposes.

117 HRES 574 introduced 2021-07-29

Recognizing the 75th anniversary of the Fulbright Program.

117 HR 4498 introduced 2021-07-16

To make emergency appropriations to the National Guard.

117 HR 4212 introduced 2021-06-28

Flag Code Modernization Act of 2021

117 HJRES 51 introduced 2021-06-14

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States.

Sponsored 2021

117 HRES 71 introduced 2021-01-28

Honoring and thanking the members of the National Guard who were deployed to the District of Columbia and the National Capital region in support of civil authorities for the inauguration of Joseph R. Biden, Jr., as the 46th President of the United States and Kamala Devi Harris as 49th Vice President of the United States.

116 HJRES 65 introduced 2019-06-13

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States.

116 HR 2078 introduced 2019-04-03

Stephen Hacala Poppy Seed Safety Act

116 HCONRES 18 introduced 2019-02-13

Recognizing the rich history, heritage, and strategic importance of the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Marshallese population residing in the United States.

115 HR 7191 introduced 2018-11-29

Bipartisan Budget and Appropriations Reform Act of 2018

115 HCONRES 128 introduced 2018-07-13

Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2019 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2020 through 2028.

Sponsored 2018

115 HCONRES 110 introduced 2018-02-27

A concurrent resolution recognizing the rich history, heritage, and strategic importance of the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Marshallese population residing in the United States.

115 HR 4633 introduced 2017-12-12

Credentialing, Educating, and Relevant Training Initiative For Your Heroes Act

115 HRES 638 introduced 2017-11-30

Recognizing the Aviation Cadet Museum in Eureka Springs, Arkansas, as the national aviation cadet museum of the United States.

115 HR 1373 introduced 2017-03-06

Assuring Private Property Rights Over Vast Access to Land Act

115 HJRES 61 introduced 2017-02-02

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States giving Congress power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States.

FAQs

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.