
Representative Kathy Ellen Manning

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Democratic Party.

Representing the State of North Carolina, District 6.

Official: <https://manning.house.gov>

Wikipedia: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kathy Manning](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kathy_Manning)

Ballotpedia: <https://ballotpedia.org/>

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 4924 introduced 2023-07-26

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to allow for periodic automatic reenrollment under qualified automatic contribution arrangements, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4741 introduced 2023-07-19

To require the development of a strategy to promote the use of secure telecommunications infrastructure worldwide, and for other purposes.

118 HR 4585 introduced 2023-07-12

To amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide a higher Federal matching rate for increased expenditures under Medicaid for maternal health care services.

118 HR 4121 introduced 2023-06-14

To protect an individual's ability to access contraceptives and to engage in contraception and to protect a health care provider's ability to provide contraceptives, contraception, and information related to contraception.

118 HR 3331 introduced 2023-05-15

To amend the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act to modify requirements for local school wellness policies.

118 HRES 309 introduced 2023-04-19

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Food and Drug Administration has the authority to approve drugs for abortion care.

Sponsored 2022

117 HR 8503 introduced 2022-07-26

To require the development of a strategy to promote the use of secure telecommunications infrastructure worldwide, and for other purposes.

117 HR 8373 introduced 2022-07-14

Right to Contraception Act

117 HR 8229 introduced 2022-06-24

To clarify the applicability of certain parity provisions to mental health and substance use disorder telehealth benefits.

117 HRES 1155 introduced 2022-06-07

Expressing support for contraceptive rights and access in the United States and expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding comprehensive reproductive health care.

117 HR 7035 introduced 2022-03-09

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to require prompt reports of marketing status by holders of approved applications for biological products, and for other purposes.

117 HR 6782 introduced 2022-02-18

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to provide for periodic automatic reenrollment under qualified automatic contribution arrangements, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2022

117 HR 6612 introduced 2022-02-04

To amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide a higher Federal matching rate for increased expenditures under Medicaid for maternal health care services.

117 HR 6228 introduced 2021-12-09

Capping Prescription Costs Act of 2021

117 HR 5934 introduced 2021-11-09

To amend the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 to support women, infants, and children impacted by substance use disorder, and for other purposes.

117 HR 5873 introduced 2021-11-04

To amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to improve part-time coverage for part-time workers, and for other purposes.

117 HR 5526 introduced 2021-10-08

Improving Mental Health and Wellness in Schools Act

117 HRES 547 introduced 2021-07-21

Calling for the continued support of Afghan women and girls after the drawdown of American troops.

FAQs

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Things to know:

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.