
Representative Clarence Owens

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Utah, District 4.

Official: <https://owens.house.gov>

Wikipedia: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Burgess_Owens

Ballotpedia: https://ballotpedia.org/Burgess_Owens

Additional:

Nothing found.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 4144 introduced 2023-06-15

To streamline and improve the Federal student loan repayment system to protect borrowers and taxpayers.

118 HR 3724 introduced 2023-05-25

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to prohibit recognized accrediting agencies and associations from requiring, encouraging, or coercing institutions of higher education to meet any political litmus test or violate any right protected by the Constitution as a condition of accreditation.

118 HR 2685 introduced 2023-04-18

To require the Secretary of Energy to provide technology grants to strengthen domestic mining education, and for other purposes.

118 HR 2468 introduced 2023-04-03

To require the Secretary of the Interior to convey to the State of Utah certain Federal land under the administrative jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management within the boundaries of Camp Williams, Utah, and for other purposes.

118 HR 1733 introduced 2023-03-23

To establish an alternative use of certain Federal education funds when in-person instruction is not available.

Sponsored 2023

118 HR 887 introduced 2023-02-09

To authorize local educational agencies and non-public schools to use funds, services, or assistance provided under section 2001 or 2002 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 for school safety, and for other purposes.

118 HR 745 introduced 2023-02-02

To allow the use of unspent educational funds under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to address pandemic learning loss through Child Opportunity Scholarships.

117 HR 9394 introduced 2022-12-01

To amend the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 to reauthorize and update the Act, and for other purposes.

117 HR 8836 introduced 2022-09-15

To amend the Commodity Exchange Act to exempt certain small companies that utilize foreign exchange from certain capital and margin requirements in order to enhance opportunities for small businesses to improve trade and export markets, and for other purposes.

117 HR 8672 introduced 2022-08-05

To provide for the vacating of certain convictions and expungement of certain arrests of victims of human trafficking.

Sponsored 2022

117 HR 8671 introduced 2022-08-05

To allow the use of unspent educational funds under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to address pandemic learning loss through Child Opportunity Scholarships.

117 HR 8591 introduced 2022-07-29

To amend title III of the Public Health Service Act to direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health shall conduct research on programs to educate workplace professionals on the prevention of impairment from the use of cannabis, opioids, and other drugs, and the risks resulting from individuals working while impaired, and for other purposes.

117 HRES 1292 introduced 2022-07-28

Expressing support for the International Olympic Committee to recognize with a minute of silence at every future Olympics Opening Ceremony those who lost their lives at the 1972 Munich Olympics, and for other purposes.

117 HR 8458 introduced 2022-07-21

To ensure eligibility for public safety officer death benefits for officers exposed to radiation at clandestine laboratories, and for other purposes.

117 HR 8187 introduced 2022-06-22

To require technology grants to strengthen domestic mining education, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2022

117 HRES 1180 introduced 2022-06-15

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that fatherhood is essential to the development of all children, and that the increased involvement of fathers in the home will lead to economic prosperity, educational excellence, and improved social mobility for children across all racial and ethnic groups.

117 HR 7942 introduced 2022-06-03

To authorize local educational agencies and non-public schools to use funds, services, or assistance provided under section 2001 or 2002 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 for school safety, and for other purposes.

117 HR 6911 introduced 2022-03-03

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to prohibit the participation in the Visa Waiver Program of certain countries that provide citizenship for investment programs, and for other purposes.

117 HRES 697 introduced 2021-09-30

Condemning and censuring Representative Maxine Waters of California.

117 HR 5392 introduced 2021-09-28

To amend the Military Selective Service Act to allow women to elect to register for the draft.

Sponsored 2021

117 HR 4698 introduced 2021-07-27

Say No to Indoctrination Act

117 HR 3943 introduced 2021-06-16

Modernizing Financing of Early Care and Education in America Act of 2021

117 HR 3235 introduced 2021-05-14

To restrict executive agencies from acting in contravention of Executive Order 13950.

117 HRES 397 introduced 2021-05-14

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that Critical Race Theory serves as a prejudicial ideological tool, rather than an educational tool, and should not be taught in K-12 classrooms as a way to teach students to judge individuals based on sex, race, ethnicity, and national origin.

117 HR 889 introduced 2021-02-05

Education Freedom Scholarships and Opportunity Act

FAQs

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FAQs

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Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.