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# Representative John W. Rose

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Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Tennessee, District 6.

Official: <https://johnrose.house.gov>

Wikipedia: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John\\_Rose \(Tennessee po](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/John_Rose_(Tennessee_politician))

Ballotpedia: [https://ballotpedia.org/John Rose \(Tennessee\)](https://ballotpedia.org/John_Rose_(Tennessee))

Additional:

Voted to reject the Election Results of 2019.

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# Legislation Sponsored

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118 HR 5198 introduced 2023-08-11

To amend the definition of "manufactured home" in the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974.

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118 HR 4657 introduced 2023-07-14

To clarify that an issuer may exclude a shareholder proposal pursuant to section 240.14a-8(i) of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, without regard to whether such proposal relates to a significant social policy issue.

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118 HR 4198 introduced 2023-06-16

To amend section 604(c) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act to address the treatment of pre-screening report requests, and for other purposes.

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118 HR 3398 introduced 2023-05-17

To establish criminal offenses with respect to violations involving ATMs, and for other purposes.

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118 HR 3161 introduced 2023-05-09

To amend the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 to require the Director of the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund to testify on an annual basis before the Financial Services Committee of the House of Representatives and the Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Committee of the Senate.

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# Sponsored 2023

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118 HRES 341 introduced 2023-04-28

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that it is important to maintain cash as a robust and viable payment option.

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118 HR 1437 introduced 2023-03-08

To authorize livestock producers and their employees to take black vultures in order to prevent death, injury, or destruction to livestock, and for other purposes.

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118 HR 1220 introduced 2023-02-27

To make reforms to the Bank Secrecy Act, and for other purposes.

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118 HR 301 introduced 2023-01-11

To amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to authorize rewards regarding the identification of credible information regarding the origins of COVID-19, and for other purposes.

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117 HR 9159 introduced 2022-10-07

To make reforms to the Bank Secrecy Act, and for other purposes.

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117 HRES 736 introduced 2021-10-21

Honoring the Tennessee Farm Bureau Federation on its 100th anniversary.

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# Sponsored 2021

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117 HR 5004 introduced 2021-08-10

Unmasking the Origins of COVID19 Act

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117 HR 2486 introduced 2021-04-13

HAULS Act of 2021

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117 HRES 139 introduced 2021-02-18

Honoring Peyton Manning on being named to the Pro Football Hall of Fame.

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117 HR 893 introduced 2021-02-05

Court Shopping Deterrence Act

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117 HR 592 introduced 2021-01-28

To amend title 28, United States Code, to expand the definition of "other institutions" for purposes of acquisition, preservation, and exchange of identification records and information, and for other purposes.

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116 HR 5358 introduced 2019-12-06

To amend title 28, United States Code, to expand the definition of "other institutions" for purposes of acquisition, preservation, and exchange of identification records and information, and for other purposes.

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116 HRES 667 introduced 2019-10-30

Providing for bipartisan subpoena authority during the 116th Congress.

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# Sponsored 2019

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116 HR 4367 introduced 2019-09-17

Fight Illicit Finance through Technical Assistance Act of 2019

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116 HR 4219 introduced 2019-08-30

To amend title 28, United States Code, to provide that an appeal of an order granting a nationwide injunction issued by a district court of the United States shall lie to the Supreme Court.

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# FAQs

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## **Things to know:**

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

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# FAQs

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# Glossary

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## **House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)**

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

## **House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)**

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

## **House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)**

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.



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# Glossary

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## **House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)**

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.