
Representative Mike Rogers

Member of the 118 Congress.

Member of the Republican Party.

Representing the State of Alabama, District 3.

Official: <https://mikerogers.house.gov>

Wikipedia: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mike_Rogers_\(Alabama_politician\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mike_Rogers_(Alabama_politician))

Ballotpedia: [https://ballotpedia.org/Mike_Rogers_\(Alabama\)](https://ballotpedia.org/Mike_Rogers_(Alabama))

Additional:

Voted to reject the Election Results of 2019.

FAQs

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Things to know:

Voice Votes are not recorded. Bills may pass with no record of the event. Usually associated with minor Bills or Measures (see Glossary).

Contributions:

Contributions will be accepted in the form of constructive suggestions and of course money. The URL for your suggestions and comments is below.

Communicate with developer.

FAQs

Important for Adobe users:

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Communicate with developer.

Glossary

House Bill (HR) and Senate Bill (S)

A bill is a legislative proposal before Congress. Bills from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). Public bills pertain to matters that affect the general public or classes of citizens, while private bills pertain to individual matters that affect individuals and organizations, such as claims against the Government.

House Joint Resolution (HJRES) and Senate Joint Resolution (SJRES)

A joint resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses and the signature of the President, just as a bill does. Resolutions from each house are assigned a number in the order in which they are introduced, starting at the beginning of each Congress (first and second sessions). There is no real difference between a bill and a joint resolution. Joint resolutions generally are used for limited matters, such as a single appropriation for a specific purpose. They are also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. A joint resolution has the force of law, if approved. Joint resolutions become a part of the Constitution when three-quarters of the states have ratified them; they do not require the President's signature.

House Concurrent Resolution (HCONRES) and Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCONRES)

A concurrent resolution is a legislative proposal that requires the approval of both houses but does not require the signature of the President and does not have the force of law. Concurrent resolutions generally are used to make or amend rules that apply to both houses. They are also used to express the sentiments of both of the houses. For example, a concurrent resolution is used to set the time of Congress' adjournment. It may also be used by Congress to convey congratulations to another country on the anniversary of its independence.

Glossary

House Simple Resolution (HRES) and Senate Simple Resolution (SRES)

A simple resolution is a legislative proposal that addresses matters entirely within the prerogative of one house or the other. It requires neither the approval of the other house nor the signature of the President, and it does not have the force of law. Most simple resolutions concern the rules of one house. They are also used to express the sentiments of a single house. For example, a simple resolution may offer condolences to the family of a deceased member of Congress, or it may give "advice" on foreign policy or other executive business.

This information at the U.S. GPO website.

Legislation Sponsored

118 HR 1474 introduced 2023-03-08

To allow States to elect to observe year-round daylight saving time, and for other purposes.

118 HRES 121 introduced 2023-02-10

Providing amounts for the expenses of the Committee on Armed Services in the One Hundred Eighteenth Congress.

117 HR 7806 introduced 2022-05-17

To end membership of the United States in the United Nations.

117 HR 5826 introduced 2021-11-02

To allow States to elect to observe year-round daylight saving time, and for other purposes.

116 HR 13 introduced 2020-10-27

Commitment to American Security Act

116 HR 8310 introduced 2020-09-17

To amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to provide for enhanced visa security, and for other purposes.

116 HR 8309 introduced 2020-09-17

To authorize certain authorities of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2019

116 HR 3142 introduced 2019-06-05

SNAP Vitamin and Mineral Improvement Act of 2019

116 HR 3056 introduced 2019-06-03

Border Crisis Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2019

116 HR 2682 introduced 2019-05-10

Agricultural News and Rural Content Act of 2019

116 HR 2389 introduced 2019-04-29

To allow States to elect to observe year-round daylight saving time, and for other purposes.

116 HR 480 introduced 2019-01-10

Homeland Threat Assessment Act

116 HR 344 introduced 2019-01-08

Chiropractic Health Parity for Military Beneficiaries Act

116 HR 204 introduced 2019-01-03

American Sovereignty Restoration Act of 2019

115 HR 6202 introduced 2018-06-22

To allow States to elect to observe year-round daylight saving time, and for other purposes.

Sponsored 2018

115 HR 4973 introduced 2018-02-07

Chiropractic Health Parity for Military Beneficiaries Act

115 HR 4577 introduced 2017-12-06

Domestic Explosives Detection Canine Capacity Building Act of 2017

115 HR 3841 introduced 2017-09-26

SNAP Vitamin and Mineral Improvement Act of 2017

115 HR 2470 introduced 2017-05-16

Homeland Threat Assessment Act

115 HR 1813 introduced 2017-03-30

Border Wall Funding Act of 2017

115 HR 1182 introduced 2017-02-16

Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty Preservation Act of 2017

115 HR 193 introduced 2017-01-03

American Sovereignty Restoration Act of 2017
